```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 1 | R2 | Okay. Very fine. Okay. Should we try the big step? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | R1 | Why not? Are you very tired? |
| 3 | Stephanie | Umm. |
| 4 | R2 | How are you doing? |
| 5 | Stephanie | I'm fine. |
| 6 | R2 | Okay. How are you doing? Okay? So, now, look what we've gone from. |
| 7 | R1 | So we just woke - um - Professor Spieser up. Notice how animated he is. [All laugh.] |
| 8 | R2 | Yeah. I'm starting to get lively. I'm very excited by the way you're moving through this. Um, so we started, let's remember what we did. We started with the towers that had one green. |
| 9 | Stephanie | Yeah. |
| 10 | R2 | And then by putting in a second green, we built the towers that had two greens. So, they came up in pairs. |
| 11 | Stephanie | Yes. |
| 12 | R2 | That's the way it happened. That's what we found. |
| 13 | Stephanie | Um hm. |
| 14 | R2 | Okay. So now we've got, but now I think we've got a hold on, the six different towers with the two greens. Or the twelve when they came up in pairs. Okay. So now let's take those six. Okay, so, let's forget that, we can |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

|  |  | use these duplicates as extra blocks if we find we need them. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Stephanie | Okay. |
| 16 | R2 | Okay. Now, these are the old ones [the six towers with two green and two blue], and we're gonna build a generation of new ones that have three green. |
| 17 | Stephanie | Okay. |
| 18 | R2 | Okay. And we're expecting, maybe, that something interesting will happen. Okay, so first of all, how many do we produce? |
| 19 | Stephanie | Um, with three greens? |
| 20 | R2 | Um hm. Well, how many would you produce from each of the towers first and |
| 21 | Stephanie | Well, you'd produce two from each. |
| 22 | R2 | then how much from...two from each! Why? |
| 23 | Stephanie | Well, because there's only two places for you to move. [Stephanie points to the blue blocks in the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ B \\ B\end{array}\right]$ tower.] |
| 24 | R2 | Excellent. |
| 25 | Stephanie | You can't |
| 26 | R2 | And you're looking, you're pointing at the blues. |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 27 | Stephanie | Yeah. You can only put a green here or here for that one. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | R2 | So, how many new towers would that produce? |
| 29 | Stephanie | Well, you'd get two from each. |
| 30 | R2 | Two from each. So... |
| 31 | Stephanie | So. And we have six, so you'd get twelve. |
| 32 | R2 | So, we'd get twelve. Okay. I'm correcting you. [R2 moves two towers in line with the others.] Right. But, yeah. Looks like twelve to me. |
| 33 | Stephanie | Um hm. |
| 34 | R2 | Good. Uh. Now the question is, um, are they all, are these twelve new towers all different? |
| 35 | Stephanie | I don't think so. But, um |
| 36 | R2 | Okay. What do you think? |
| 37 | Stephanie | Um. There'll probably be pairs again. |
| 38 | R2 | You think there will be pairs again. Okay. |
| 39 | Stephanie | Uh maybe. 'Cause I mean - [Stephanie sighs heavily.] |
| 40 | R2 | Okay. So here's a tower with three greens. [the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower] So, it's one of the new ones. Right? |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 41 | Stephanie | Um hm. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | R2 | Which would be the old ones that gave it? |
| 43 | Stephanie | Um, this one [the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ B \\ B\end{array}\right]$ tower] |
| 44 | R2 | Um hm. |
| 45 | Stephanie | or, this one [the $\left[\begin{array}{l}B \\ G \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower] |
| 46 | R2 | Um hm. |
| 47 | Stephanie | or this one. [the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ B \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower] |
| 48 | R2 | You found three. |
| 49 | Stephanie | Oh. Okay. So, maybe they'll be, um, groups of three? |
| 50 | R2 | So, you think they might be in groups of three. |
| 51 | R1 | Okay. Now explain to me how that happened. |


| Description: Beginning to generalize | Transcriber(s): Aboelnaga, Eman |
| :--- | :--- |
| mathematical expressions to generate cases for | Verifier(s): DeLeon, Christina |
| towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue | Date Transcribed: Spring 2009 |
| cubes | Page: 5 of 13 |
| Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial |  |
| Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven |  |
| (student view) |  |
| Date: 1996-03-27 |  |
| Location: Union Catholic |  |
| Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher |  |


| 52 | Stephanie | Mmm, because, here I could either, I could have one here [points to $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ B \\ B\end{array}\right]$ ]. <br> Which would make this one [the $\left[\begin{array}{c}G \\ G \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower]. I could have here, I could have one here, another green here [points to $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ B \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ ], which would make this one. And here, I could put another green here [points to $\left[\begin{array}{l}B \\ G \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ ], which would make this one. So, there's three of them that can make that one [the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ to tower]. [pause] So, um, I guess there'll be groups of three, maybe? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 53 | R2 | Ah. You're guessing. |
| 54 | Stephanie | So, I guess |
| 55 | R2 | Would you like to |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 56 | Stephanie | it would come up, the answer would be like four. There would be four without duplicates, if there's groups of three. 'Cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 57 | R2 | Four, ah. |
| 58 | Stephanie | you'll come up with twelve, and then, if there's groups of three, you'll get four. 'Cause four divided by three is twelve. |
| 59 | R1 | In triples? |
| 60 | R2 | So we're multiplying by two and dividing by three. |
| 61 | Stephanie | Yes. |
| 62 | R2 | And, you're saying there, there are four. Well, we started with four and then we found six, and then we found four. Okay. |
| 63 | Stephanie | There's only, if you wanted, (inaudible) |
| 64 | R2 | Okay. So now we've got- Okay, let's. Do we have the four? |
| 65 | Stephanie | Um, the four would be |
| 66 | R2 | Can you build them? |
| 67 | Stephanie | (inaudible) over here |
| 68 | R2 | Have we got them already? Um. |
| 69 | Stephanie | With three green. Here's one. Um. [She picks up the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ B \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower.] |


| Description: Beginning to generalize |
| :--- |
| mathematical expressions to generate cases for |
| towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue |
| cubes |
| Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial |
| Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven |
| (student view) |
| Date: 1996-03-27 |
| Location: Union Catholic |
| Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher |

Transcriber(s): Aboelnaga, Eman
Verifier(s): DeLeon, Christina
Date Transcribed: Spring 2009
Page: 7 of 13

| 70 | R2 | You're looking for three greens? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 71 | Stephanie | Yeah. |
| 72 | R2 | Here's one. [The $\left[\begin{array}{l}B \\ G \\ G \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower] |
| 73 | Stephanie | Thank you. |
| 74 | R2 | Here's another. [The $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ B \\ G \\ G\end{array}\right]$ tower] |
| 75 | Stephanie | That one we already have. |
| 76 | R2 | Are they all different? |
| 77 | Stephanie | No, l'll just make one. |
| 78 | R2 | Oh. Okay. |
| 79 | Stephanie | There. [Stephanie has made the $\left[\begin{array}{l}G \\ G \\ G \\ B\end{array}\right]$ tower.] |
| 80 | R2 | Okay. |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 81 | Stephanie | There's your four. Now |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 82 | R2 | Okay. So suppose we play another round. |
| 83 | Stephanie | There's only one way to do that one. |
| 84 | R1 | But, suppose we're getting it from there [The row of towers four tall <br> containing three greens and one blue] though. We know the answer |
| 85 | R2 | But, we're gonna start with these old ones. |
| 86 | R1 | We're making it from there. |
| 87 | Stephanie | Well, there's only |
| 88 | R2 | How do we produce it? |
| 89 | Stephanie | You're only gonna get one from each, because there's only one place you <br> can put the green. |
| 90 | R2 | Green. |
| 91 | Stephanie | And you're gonna get four all green, and so you're going to come up with <br> one 'cause |
| 92 | R2 | Oh. |
| 93 | Stephanie | they're all the same. |
| 94 | R1 | R1ephanie |
| 96 | R1 | Well, yeah. you got really four. |
| How many duplicates did you get? |  |  |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 97 | Stephanie | You got four dup - well |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 98 | R1 | So you have four |
| 99 | Stephanie | I guess you |
| 100 | R1 | but you have four duplicates |
| 101 | Stephanie | Yeah. |
| 102 | R1 | So you have to, you got four times and you have to undo the duplicates, <br> what do you do to undo the duplicates? |
| 103 | Stephanie | You get rid of 'em? |
| 104 | R1 | Sy dividing by what? |
| 105 | R1 | By, by four. |
| 107 | R2 | Terrific. |
| 108 | R1 | You divided, you got rid of the duplicates the last time by dividing by three. <br> You got rid of the duplicates the last time by dividing by two. Isn't that <br> right? |
| 109 | Stephanie | Yeah. Okay. So that would give you the, um, all green ones. |
| 110 | R2 | R1 |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|c|l|l|}\hline 113 & \text { Stephanie } & \text { Okay. } \\
\hline 114 & \text { R2 } & \text { and we divided by another number. } \\
\hline 115 & \text { Stephanie } & \text { Yes. } \\
\hline 116 & \text { R2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Okay. So why don't we write, just to remember what happened, why don't } \\
\text { we write down at each stage the number that we multiplied by and the } \\
\text { number we divided by. }\end{array} \\
\hline 117 & \text { Stephanie } & \text { All right. For - should I start with like from here and work backwards? } \\
\hline 118 & \text { R2 } & \text { Stephanie } \\
\hline 120 & \text { R2 } & \text { All right. } \\
\hline 121 & \text { Stephanie easiest for you, that's fine. } \\
\hline 122 & \text { R1 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Okay. As long as we remember exactly what, you know, which round of } \\
\text { the, the process we were in. } \\
\text { four green. [Stephanie writes this on the paper.] We multiplied by, um, } \\
\text { well we multiplied, I guess we divided by four, and I guess we multiplied it } \\
\text { by, we only got one of each. So, we came up with four. }\end{array} \\
\hline 123 & \text { Stephanie } & \begin{array}{l}\text { So, you had four. } \\
\text { Yeah, so it was...um. Found, I guess four and divided by four? Um, should, I } \\
\text { guess, go on to the next one. }\end{array}
$$ \\
\hline 124 \& R1 \& Stephanie \\
\hline Does it help to think about that as having the one tower, go to that one \\

tower with blue. There are four of them. So from one you have four.\end{array}\right\}\)| Um hm. All right. |
| :--- |
| 125 |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 126 | R1 | One times four, and then you have the duplicates and you divide by four. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 127 | Stephanie | Okay. Um. |
| 128 | R1 | Does that help Bob? To think of it that way, or to represent it that way? |
| 129 | R2 | It helps me. |
| 130 | R1 | So, you might think of that, from that one, I don't know, you might, if you're looking for a way of generalizing a rule or a pattern. You might think of that one tower with the blue, any one you want. You can think of any one you want. |
| 131 | Stephanie | Um hm. |
| 132 | R1 | But, from that one, right? |
| 133 | Stephanie | There were |
| 134 | R1 | You can generate |
| 135 | Stephanie | Like, well |
| 136 | R1 | The green, all green. |
| 137 | Stephanie | Yeah. |
| 138 | R1 | But you can do that from the one, four times. |
| 139 | Stephanie | Four, okay. |
| 140 | R1 | But, then you get the duplicates. I don't know -if that's helpful or not. See this is, see it's just as easy. I mean what Stephanie was doing right now, that's intriguing to me is that she's |

```
Description: Beginning to generalize
mathematical expressions to generate cases for
towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue
cubes
Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial
Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven
(student view)
Date: 1996-03-27
Location: Union Catholic
Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher
```

| 141 | R2 | It looks like |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 142 | R1 | She's |
| 143 | R2 | Yeah. |
| 144 | R1 | Yeah. It looks like she's counting. |
| 145 | R2 | It looks like she's multiplying by one, 'cause each |
| 146 | Stephanie | Yeah, see that's |
| 147 | R1 | Exactly. |
| 148 | R2 | (inaudible) old tower produced one new tower. And then we needed to <br> divide by four in order to take care of the duplication. |
| 150 | R2 | Um hm. <br> Okay. So. What about, okay, so why don't we just go back to one step <br> before that? |
| 151 | Stephanie | One step before that was from, um |
| 152 | R2 | Let me move this a little bit so you can actually see what you wrote on the <br> paper. |
| 153 | Stephanie | From two green...two green...[Stephanie writes.] Um, we found four and <br> we divided - well, no we found more than four. We found twelve, and we <br> divided by three. |
| 154 | R2 | Stephanie |
| Excellent. |  |  |
| found twelve... [Stephanie writes more on the paper.] |  |  |
| 159 |  |  |


| Description: Beginning to generalize |
| :--- |
| mathematical expressions to generate cases for |
| towers 4-cubes tall selecting from green and blue |
| cubes |
| Parent Tape: Early Algebra Ideas About Binomial |
| Expansion, Stephanie's Interview Six of Seven |
| (student view) |
| Date: 1996-03-27 |
| Location: Union Catholic |
| Researcher: Professor Carolyn Maher |

Transcriber(s): Aboelnaga, Eman
Verifier(s): DeLeon, Christina
Date Transcribed: Spring 2009
Page: 13 of 13

| 156 | R2 | So, how did we find the twelve? Did we find, didn't we find the twelve by <br> multiplying? |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 157 | Stephanie | Well, what happened was, they were duplicates. They were groups of <br> three. |
| 158 | R2 | Yes. That's right. |
| 159 | Stephanie | So... |
| 160 | R1 | Where did the twelve come from? |
| 161 | Stephanie | They came from, um, from these. [Stephanie points to a group of towers <br> with two green and two blue.] Oh, well, they didn't come from all of these, <br> they came from like (inaudible) |
| 162 | R1 | I think it's hard to go backwards. <br> 163 |
| R2 | I think it's hard to go backwards. Let's, maybe we can, you want to try <br> going forwards |  |

