| Description: Clip 4 of 7: Michael and Brian | Transcriber(s): Yankelewitz, Dina |
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| find four models to compare one half and | Verifier(s): Yedman, Madeline |
| three fourth | Date Transcribed: Spring 2009 |

Parent Tape: Continuing to Explore Fraction Comparisons
Date: 1993-10-06
Location: Colts Neck Elementary School
Researcher: Carolyn Maher
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8.3.49
8.3.50 Brian Yeah we came up with this and um and last time what we did what

T/R 2: We got it wasn't a fourth bigger and when-
8.3.51 T/R 2: What were we comparing the last time?
8.3.52

Michael: See? Now three of
Brian: I have ano- I have a new way. Look! Mike, I have a new way! This, instead of that! It's the same [places a brown and purple train and shows that it is the same length as the orange and red train.] Ok.
Michael: It's bigger by, it’s bigger by three fourths, one fourth, it's bigger by a quarter, because here's the half
Brian: There's a half, now what are the fourths on this? What are the fourths?
Michael: Fourths are the green, dark, light green
Brian: They are? One, two, Um, oh yeah, yeah, yeah, they are. I was going to try that, but I didn't, I didn't.
Michael: Now just take three of them. It's bigger than one half by one fourth. See? This is one fourth and this is three of them, yeah, see? It's bigger by one fourth. No, wait, maybe its one, one two, three
Brian: How 'bout... why don't we just use this, why don't we just use this one that we did last time [uses dark green rod, two light green rods]
Michael: See, this, see? Its fourths, its one fourth
Brian: No we can't make, but we can't make
Michael: It's bigger by one fourth, but by, and so, by how - the two fourths is bigger, the three fourths is bigger, but it’s bigger by one fourth.
Brian: Let me make my model first, ok? Let me just make my model [Brian has completed the model using the orange and red train] Ok, now. It's bigger by, um
Michael: One fourth. You see.. because it takes four of these to equal one of these
Brian: Wait, wait, oh yeah, it's bigger by one fourth
Michael: Yeah
Brian: But that isn't what we got last time
Michael: I know
Brian: That's weird
Michael: That's because it's a different problem. It's three fourths, not two thirds.
Brian: Oh. Well, at least I got it right in the paper though... the paper
T/R 2: What do you think over here. Have you come up with one model yet?

Michael: We were comparing two thirds

| Description: Clip 4 of 7: Michael and Brian |  |
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| Date Transcribed: Spring 2009 |  |

Parent Tape: Continuing to Explore
Fraction Comparisons
Date: 1993-10-06
Location: Colts Neck Elementary School
Researcher: Carolyn Maher
8.3.53 T/R 2: And what
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8.3.54 Brian: And a half, and we did, we did this. I did this last time to help me. I made this model, a small model
8.3.55 Michael: Yeah we found out that this is always going to half of a third, like one sixth, like no matter what size you had it
Brian: Oh I maybe that these are even
Michael: You're saying you can call three fourths two thirds?
Brian: No, no I mean like the one whole maybe the one whole is an even number that's probably why cause it's an even number
T/R 2: Can you tell me about this model that you built
Michael: Yeah it is because it's twelve, it's twelve-
Brian: Yeah and this is four, and this is four and it's one fourth bigger so I guess when it's an even number it's one fourth bigger.
T/R 2: Hmm, can you tell me about the model you've done here for three, for comparing three fourths and one half
Brian: Yeah, well the model here
Michael: Well this is half, the dark green, the fourths are the light green, and this is the one, this is the one and
T/R 2: ok so the orange and red is your one
Michael: Yeah so and then we took this away we took three of them and then we said ok it's bigger, it's bigger by two,
Brian: It's bigger by one
Michael: -three fourths is bigger than one half by one fourth cause, yeah right there
T/R 2: That's the same length as one of your fourths then
Michael: And to prove that it takes four of these to equal the- that [begins to line light green rods above orange and red train]
T/R 2: You agree with that, Brian?
Brian: Yeah
T/R 2: You agree completely with that argument? [yeah] Ok. Alright so you're telling me then that the difference between three fourths and one half is... how much?
Michael: One fourth
T/R 2: One fourth, ok. And which one is bigger?
Michael: The dark, the light greens, the fourths.
T/R 2: Which was the three fourths? Ok, alright, so that's a model you could build to show me that and that does justify it can you build me another model for that same problem?
Brian: Ok let's try... I did one right here

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Fraction Comparisons
Date: 1993-10-06
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Researcher: Carolyn Maher
8.3.79 Michael: No, but that's the same thing, that's the same thing as here because that's the same length.
8.3.80 Brian: Oh. Oh, ok.
8.3.81 T/R 2: Is this the same model or a different model [indicating Brian's small model using the purple rod as one] here?
8.3.82 Michael: That, that's part of this model, see this is gonna, that's, that's the whole, but it's the same size as that [referring to the brown and purple train on Brian's desk]
8.3.83 Brian: Yeah, right here [Brian shows that the lengths of the two trains are equivalent]
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8.3.85

T/R 2: Ok
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Brian: What?

Description: Clip 4 of 7: Michael and Brian $\quad$ Transcriber(s): Yankelewitz, Dina
find four models to compare one half and three fourth
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Fraction Comparisons
Date: 1993-10-06
Location: Colts Neck Elementary School
Researcher: Carolyn Maher
8.3.106 Michael: You can't use this model, because if that doesn't work [purple rod] then this should [light green], but it doesn't, because this is the size of this [shows that the light green rods were used for the model using the orange and red train].
8.3.107 Brian: Ok, um, why don't we use this model that I did last time [using
8.3.108

Michael: Yeah, it's a long one.
8.3.109
8.3.110

Brian: Very long.
8.3.111

Brian: Ok. So far I have got, uh, three! How about this one [one orange and two yellows], oh yeah
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> purple as one] That's a nice little model. And how about this, how about this? Let me try this. This, ok, I got this [two orange rods and four yellow rods], I remember I thought of this one. A long one.

Michael: But I'm working on a different one, that doesn't work

Michael: That doesn't work I just tried that
Brian: You can't make fourths.
Michael: [pointing to 20 cm model] But what's fourths?
Brian: There
Michael: The fourths?
Brian: For this?
Michael: Yeah, I'll make one too and see if I can
Brian: [pointing to yellows] Those, right there! One two, three, four
Michael: So you're calling this [orange rods] one? What's the whole? What's the half
Brian: These [orange] are the half and I can't make the wholes yet.
Michael: The whole
Brian: And these are the whole. This is the whole, the one [two blue rods]
Michael: No it's not [points to empty space]
Brian: I know, I know, I need some extra, look!
Michael: [laughs]
Brian: One whole, two halves, and, look, it's bigger by one fourth
Michael: Yay!
Brian: So that's eighteen, though, that's eighteen, this is twenty!
Michael: [laughs]
Brian: This is twenty, wow!
Michael: [laughing] You can definitely get long. Let's see how long we can go.
Brian: um, uh, what about this one, you want to try this one
Michael: I'm trying this one
Brian: K, what's a half of the brown? What's a half of the- Oh, wait,

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Michael: Half the brown
Brian: Think of a half... no
Michael: It has to be one bigger than that - orange - nope
Brian: No
Michael: [laughs]
Brian: phooey
Michael: [laughs] - Too big
Brian: Man, that was such a good model. Oh! Twelfths, is this.. are these twelfths? Does this equal twelve? Yeah, yeah it is. Uh, ok,
Michael: Let's try blacks
Brian: I need a uh, I need a uh... purple
Michael: [black black black etc.]
Brian: Ok.
David: Can we borrow a red?
Brian Sure, we got a million of them.
Michael: Uh, oh, this one doesn't work, yes it does!
Brian: I think we have to draw ours down now. We have to draw it down now
Michael: I made one
Brian: We have to draw it down now. I just wanted to find.. Uh, oh, this is not going to fit, Oh, no this is not going to fit. Hmm, it doesn't fit. This doesn't fit! Wait, does it? [trying to fit models on paper] Yeah it does. yes it fits! This one won't go, this one won't
Brian: Do it sideways! Uh... I guess so..
Michael: What's half of this, what's half of it. (mumbling)
Brian: Okay, I'm gonna, I'm gonna do this one now.
Michael: You do this one, and this one, we've only go two models!
Brian: What?
Michael: We each have to draw the same model.
Brian: I have three models.
Michael: Which ones, where?
Brian: Oh no, no, no, no, no, I have two
Michael: Which ones, where's your two?
Brian: That and that, and that's yours, and this one, oh no no no, why don't you find that one with the brown, I remember finding one with that before, I do. [Michael finds another model]
Michael: One, two, three, three, four. Okay, now I did that and now I guess I just have to find half of it. I'll try the blacks.
Brian: Does this fit? Ahhh, man.

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8.3.166 Michael: Hey, that could be the half. What could be the whole? How about... Okay, I did one! Okay, I did one.
Brian: You did?
Michael: Yes!
Brian: Yes, we're okay. Okay, see this one...
Michael: Are you putting down just the models?
Brian: I think that... yea... I think that (mumbling). Now this one is going to be very very very very hard. Do you agree?
Michael: Yes.
Brian: Very Very Very Very Very hard.
Michael: This... see this is the one that I made. This is the whole.
[Michael and Brian are writing up their solutions.]
Michael: Okay, Im done.
Brian: I did my two models. Should I write about them?
T/R 2: Ummm if you want. Actually, if you want to explain them what would, what would you write, would you write about?
Brian: Uh about this one... hmmm... I don't know.
T/R 2: You know what would help me? If you can write what the problem was up at the top here, what we're comparing, and then maybe what the difference was between the three fourths and the one half. Those two pieces of information would be very helpful. Okay, then I want to give you, when Michael's done reporting, I want to give you two a second problem to think about. Okay?
Brian: Okay.
Michael: Alright. I'm done.
Brian: Mmmmm... Uhhhhh. Mike, I need help.
Michael: What?
Brian: I need help with this.
Michael: Okay.
Brian: I need help thinking about it.
Michael: (Mumbling about problem)
Brian: I can't think about this. Well, I know one.
Michael: Okay.
Brian: I can think of it now. Uhh three fourths is larger than one half by one fourth because... Well it takes two of them to get. Look, huh okay what. Okay, well because it takes two of 'em to equal one half. Well, the question is..
Michael: (simultaneously with Brian) The question is.. No
Brian: That there are three of them.

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Fraction Comparisons
Date: 1993-10-06
Location: Colts Neck Elementary School
Researcher: Carolyn Maher
8.3.193 Michael: No, we shouldn't... no, no. Um if this is, this is a half and this is three. So it would be bigger by one fourth because it takes, it takes, it takes...
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Michael: (mumbles) And the question is three fourths and so...
8.3.214

Brian: When I say it, it seems very very confusing. So three fourths is larger than one half because one fourths, by one fourth because it

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| Researcher: Carolyn Maher |  |

8.3.215 T/R 2: I understand that.
8.3.216 Michael: Well, that 's because you're a Math... a Doc, Doctor in Math.
8.3.217 Brian: (mumbles) for like um, for like my mom, my mom, my dad, she wouldn’t even...

